第壹部分:單選題(占 72 分)

一、詞彙(占 15 分)

説明:第1題至第15題,每題有4個選項,其中只有一個是正確或最適當的選項,請畫記在 答案卡之「選擇題答案區」。各題答對者,得1分;答錯、未作答或畫記多於一個選項 者,該題以零分計算。				
1.	Nobel Peace Prize in 199	91.	for democracy and h	
	(A) struggle		(C) inspiration	(D) enthusiasm
2.	Instead of facing and online games.	their challenges	in the real world, many you	ing people are addicted to
		(B) distinguishing	(C) overcoming	(D) involving
3.	nature.		e beauty found in the wild;	
	(A) energetic	(B) capable	(C) detective	(D) passionate
4.	When a major earthquak legs of the desk until the		get under your desk, he	ead first, and hold on to the
		(B) immediately	(C) terribly	(D) willingly
5.	In spite of his lack of arms and legs.	, Nick Vujicic ma	naged to learn to play footb	all, swim and surf with no
	(A) limbs	(B) limp	(C) lambs	(D) lamp
6.	When Scully (A) aims	herself in novels, she alwa (B) buries		(D) ignores
7.			erter air conditioner instead o (C) efficient	of a traditional one. (D) deficient
8.			es in Taiwan will be up to 23	30,000 by the end of 2012,
	the Chinese Dragon Yea (A) profit		(C) popularity	(D) population
9.		cess of learning to drive h	elps to teach young people	and how to act
	like an adult.			
	(A) generosity	(B) responsibility	(C) diligence	(D) bravery
10.	Being to his		(C) diligencehoolwork, Jason felt frustrate(C) capital	
	Being to his (A) inferior It is believed that green to	younger twin brother in sch (B) worse tea can cancer a	hoolwork, Jason felt frustrate (C) capital	ed a lot.
11.	Being to his (A) inferior It is believed that green to (A) declare	younger twin brother in sch (B) worse tea can cancer a (B) extend	hoolwork, Jason felt frustrate (C) capital and help with weight loss.	ed a lot. (D) innocent (D) infect
11. 12.	Being to his (A) inferior It is believed that green to (A) declare Lisa wanted to read som (A) intellectual The benefits we get from	younger twin brother in sch (B) worse tea can cancer a (B) extend ething fun, so she put the (B) visible m the earth are too preciou	hoolwork, Jason felt frustrate (C) capital and help with weight loss. (C) prevent	ed a lot. (D) innocent (D) infect nd picked up a novel. (D) academic
11. 12.	Being to his (A) inferior It is believed that green to (A) declare Lisa wanted to read som (A) intellectual	younger twin brother in sch (B) worse tea can cancer a (B) extend ething fun, so she put the (B) visible m the earth are too preciou es.	hoolwork, Jason felt frustrate (C) capital and help with weight loss. (C) prevent book to the side a (C) unique	ed a lot. (D) innocent (D) infect nd picked up a novel. (D) academic
 11. 12. 13. 	Being to his (A) inferior It is believed that green to (A) declare Lisa wanted to read som (A) intellectual The benefits we get from the it deserved (A) trend	younger twin brother in sch (B) worse tea can cancer a (B) extend ething fun, so she put the (B) visible m the earth are too preciou es. (B) respect	hoolwork, Jason felt frustrate (C) capital and help with weight loss. (C) prevent book to the side a (C) unique as to waste. It is time that	ed a lot. (D) innocent (D) infect nd picked up a novel. (D) academic we treated our planet with (D) nobility

15. It is harder and harder for Bob, a taxi driver, to provide for his family. What's worse, his daughter is sick and ______ needs surgery.

(A) favorably (B) considerably (C) desperately

(D) steadily

二、綜合測驗(占 15 分)

說明:第16題至第30題,每題一個空格,請依文意選出最適當的一個選項,請畫記在答案 卡之「選擇題答案區」。各題答對者,得1分;答錯、未作答或畫記多於一個選項者, 該題以零分計算。

16-20 題爲題組

Facebook is a social utility that connects people with friends and others who work, study and live around them. Now, a lot of those Facebook users find themselves doing more than just sharing pictures, clips and posting status updates. Most of Facebook users in Taiwan have been obsessed with *FarmVille* and *Restaurant City*, <u>16</u> are two of popular social network games. Online socializing games such as *FarmVille* and *Restaurant City*, have brought people together in virtual worlds, where users carry out restaurant jobs or cultivate farms. Not only do these games <u>17</u> the players endless time in front of the computer, they also turn into profits for the creators of the games.

Most Facebook games follow a standard pattern. In *FarmVille*, players set up a virtual farm, where they plant and harvest crops and then raise livestock to earn more virtual coins. <u>18</u>, farmer players gain experience points (XPs) to reach the upper level and expand farms by having more neighbors, coins and cash. All of these simulation games <u>19</u> promote themselves to players by asking them to notify friends of their recent achievements and offering daily virtual gifts to invite more potential players from your list of friends to join the games. In the end, many players <u>20</u> becoming fully addicted to the online social games .

16. (A) that	(B) who	(C) which	(D) what
17. (A) reclaim	(B) engross	(C) recognize	(D) enhance
18. (A) Hence	(B) However	(C) Besides	(D) Nonetheless
19. (A) momentarily	(B) periodically	(C) seemingly	(D) constantly
20. (A) keep away from (C) become acquainted with		(B) are unconscious of (D) are notorious for	

<u>21-25 題爲題組</u>

Robots are used in computers, research, and manufacturing. Recently robots have also entered the medicine. The first documented use of a <u>21</u> surgical procedure occurred in 1985. In 2000, the *da Vinci Surgery System* even <u>22</u> by becoming the first robotic system approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration for general surgery. The *da Vinci System* <u>23</u> a surgeon's console and a cart with four interactive robotic arms controlled from the console. Three of the arms are for tools and the fourth arm is for a camera with two lenses that gives the surgeon full vision from the console. The surgeon sits at the console and looks through two eye holes at a 3-D image of the procedure, meanwhile <u>24</u> the arms with two foot pedals and two hand controllers. By providing surgeons with superior visualization, and greater precision, the *da Vinci Surgical System* allows for a lot of benefits, including less pain, less blood loss and less risk of infection. <u>25</u>, the *da Vinci System* can enable a shorter hospital stay, a quicker recovery and faster return to normal daily activities.

21. (A) assist-robot	(B) assist-roboted	(C) robot-assisting	(D) robot-assisted
22. (A) broke up	(B) broke apart	(C) broke new ground	(D) broke the ice
23. (A) is made up	(B) consists of	(C) is composed in	(D) comprised of
24. (A) operating	(B) operated	(C) operates	(D) is operated
25. (A) Nevertheless	(B) Otherwise	(C) Moreover	(D) Suddenly

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<u>26-30 題爲題組</u>

Sun Moon Lake is the largest and most beautiful alpine lake in Taiwan. Its beauty is like a strand of bright pearls shimmering in the midst of Taiwan. The mist-laden water and the constant changes of thick and dispersing clouds and fog create a mood of a fantasy fairyland. Depending on the seasons and time of the day, perhaps the scenes might <u>26</u> you <u>26</u> a sketch, a colorful watercolor painting, or a Chinese landscape painting. Visitors are often enthralled by the <u>27</u> beautiful and elegant landscapes here.

The beauty of the lake, from dawn to dusk, exudes an aura of enchantment 28 whether it is bathed in sunlight and blue sky or shrouded in mist and rain. In the early morning, the surface of the lake is covered by a thin veil of mist creating a sense of hazy dreaminess. When the sun rises over the mountains, the obscuring mist lifts slowly to reveal the 29 of the lake, reflecting images of surrounding mountains as birds chirp and glide gracefully. At dusk, the colors of the setting sun are like a sprinkling of golden dust, transforming it into a romantic paradise. As the night falls, the flickering lights of fishing boats, shining stars and dancing fireflies reflect their shimmer on the rippling lake as cool evening breezes waft in. Such an image has been described as a mischievous fairy 30 the lake with her lantern.

) recall, for (C) ret	mind, of (D) remin	nd, for
) refreshing (C) ref	freshed (D) refres	shingly
) regardless of (C) wi	ith a view to (D) as co	oncerns
) content (C) co	ntext (D) conse	ent
) illuminate (C) ill	uminated (D) illum	ninating
))	refreshing (C) ref regardless of (C) wi content (C) co	refreshing(C) refreshed(D) refreregardless of(C) with a view to(D) as cocontent(C) context(D) conse

三、文意選填(占 10 分)

說明:第31題至第40題,每題一個空格,請依文意在文章後所提供的(A)到(J)選項中分別選 出最適當者,並將其英文字母代號畫記在答案卡之「選擇題答案區」。各題答對者,得 1分;答錯、未作答或畫記多於一個選項者,該題以零分計算。

As a walk-on on a local football team, short Josh was always on the bench, but his father was always in the 31 cheering and never missed a game.

When Josh went to college, he tried out for the football team. To everyone's surprise, he made the cut. The coach <u>32</u> that he kept Josh because he always put his heart into every practice and provided the others with the spirit they <u>33</u> needed. As was <u>34</u>, Josh never missed practice during his four years, but he never got to play in the game. It was his last football season, and the coach met him with a <u>35</u>.

After reading it silently, Josh mumbled, "My father died this morning. May I miss practice today?" The coach <u>36</u> him gently on the shoulder, saying "Take the rest of the week off, son. Don't even rush to the game on Saturday."

The game was not going well on Saturday. In the third quarter, the team was ten points 37. When Josh slipped into the sidelines, the players were astonished to see their 38 teammate back. "Coach, please let me play. I have to play today," said Josh. Feeling sorry for the kid, "All right," the coach said. Then, the young man ran, passed, and tackled like a star, almost doing everything right. In the 39 seconds, Josh intercepted a pass and ran all the way for the winning touchdown. The fans broke loose. The teammates yelled. The coach came to him and said, "Kid, how did you do it?" With tears in his eyes, Josh said, "Well, did you know that my dad was 40? Dad came to all my games, but today was the first time he could SEE me play, and I wanted to show him I could do it!"

(A) faithful	(B) expected	(C) blind	(D) telegram	(E) stands
(F) badly	(G) patted	(H) admitted	(I) closing	(J) behind

四、閱讀測驗(占 32 分)

説明:第41題至第56題,每題請分別根據各篇文章之文意選出最適當的一個選項,請畫記在 答案卡之「選擇題答案區」。各題答對者,得2分;答錯、未作答或畫記多於一個選項 者,該題以零分計算。

41-44 題爲題組

People from different places went to America because they needed the chance for a new life. Among those who went there in the 19th century was a large group of people from Ireland.

In the 1800s, life was very tough for the farmers in Ireland. They rented the land on which they lived. In order to pay the rent, they spent much of their time working for their landlords.

The British government ruled Ireland at that time, and most of the food grown in Ireland was shipped to England. Since the farmers had no money, they depended on potatoes for food. Potatoes, which were called "Jumpers," could be grown on a small piece of land for a few pennies. For more than half of the people in Ireland, potatoes were their only food.

In 1845, a disaster came to the potato fields. A plant disease attacked the potato plants, and made them black and rotten. For three years, the potato crops in Ireland were destroyed.

With their only source of food gone, the farmers were starving. People searched the countryside for food, and starving crowds gathered in the cities. The English government tried to help them by setting up "soup kitchens" to feed the hungry. But it could not feed up everyone. More than a million people died, and many of those survivors decided to leave Ireland.

A great migration to America thus began. Thousands of people gathered at the ports. Then, they took steamships to a new land and began their new life.

41. The story might suggest that

- (A) the people who came from Ireland to America stayed there
- (B) the farmers in Ireland called their landlords "Jumpers"
- (C) the people in Ireland had been starving for centuries
- (D) the people in Ireland were lazy

42. Most of the food grown in Ireland was

- (A) eaten by the farmers
- (B) shipped to England
- (C) sold by the farmers
- (D) sent to America

43. The main idea of this story is

- (A) how to set up "soup kitchens" in Ireland
- (B) how to search the countryside for food
- (C) what a tough life the farmers in Ireland lived
- (D) why many people left Ireland in the 1800s
- 44. This article may probably derive from _____
 - (A) a fashion magazine
 - (B) a science journal
 - (C) a history textbook
 - (D) an operating manual

45-48 題爲題組

A new job for boys! How about being a nanny? "No way" you might think; after all, nannies are for girls. Indeed, according to the definition of "nanny" in Longman dictionary, "nanny" does refer to "a woman whose job is to take care of the children in a family, usually in the family's own home." However, as the society and the conception of gender-related jobs change, now there are more and more male nannies, or "mannies", as they are often nicknamed.

So what does a manny do? Without surprise, he does everything that a female counterpart does, from feeding the babies to changing the diapers. Rather than just a job, many mannies treat this job seriously. Martin Smith, an experienced manny, points that money is not the reason that he gives care to children. It is seeing kids happy that makes this job rewarding to him. So is it rewarding to be a manny in terms of the salary? According to a manny agency, being employed as a professional manny can earn up to 3000 U.S. dollars a month.

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However, it's not an easy job to be a manny, at least not as easy as a babysitter. A manny is required to gain a degree in childcare and possess a valuable level of expertise in the care and management of children, including child development, child psychology, nutrition, safety and so on. In contrast, a babysitter may need only some experience in looking after children without requiring any degree in early childhood education. Another thing that differentiates a manny from a babysitter is that a manny spends much more time with the child. A lot of times, nannies even live with the family so that the child gets the most <u>comprehensive</u> care from preparing children's meals, supervising baths, to educating and disciplining them. Thus, most mannies form a bond with the family and develop a sense of closeness with the kids.

Being a manny is definitely not an easy job. But if you're interested, remember, a lot of love for children is a must. Demanding it may sound, but being a manny will sure be rewarding mentally and materially.

- 45. What is the author's main purpose to write the article?
 - (A) To tell the difference between a babysitter and a manny.
 - (B) To introduce a new career to man.
 - (C) To tell the difference between mannies and nannies.
 - (D) To encourage young men to be mannies.

46. The word "comprehensive" in the second paragraph means

- (A) strict
- (B) thorough
- (C) demanding
- (D) knowledgeable
- 47. According to the article, which is NOT a requirement to be a manny?
 - (A) Child care related experience
 - (B) A degree in children care
 - (C) Enthusiasm to kids
 - (D) An expertise in children care

48. According to the article, which of the following statements is NOT true?

- (A) Traditionally, nanny is a job for women.
- (B) Being a manny may be more demanding than being a babysitter.
- (C) Compared to babysitters, mannies are more likely to have close connections with their employers.
- (D) Male nannies need to do more than female counterparts if hired.

<u>49-52 題爲題組</u>

The excellence of some literary works is not absolute and definite, but gradual and comparative. Also, it takes readers' observation and experience to explore its value and beauty. When examining a masterpiece, no other test can be better <u>applied</u> than length of duration and continuance of esteem. Undoubtedly, Shakespeare's works pass the test and still catch the attention of a large audience worldwide nowadays.

Shakespeare was still the most productive playwright in 1990's America, and in England he was voted in one BBC poll "The Briton of the Millennium" in 2000. There are replicas of the Globe Theater in London and Tokyo, and in Germany his birthday is annually celebrated. The craze for Shakespeare is borderless. As the scholar Jonathan Bate points out, the poet has become "a world genius" with a "cross-cultural appeal" that makes him popular around the world.

Even in Hollywood, many blockbusters are adaptations of Shakespeare's plays. For example, "Shakespeare in Love"-- nominated for 13 Academy Awards and won 7, depicts a love affair involving playwright William Shakespeare at the time that he was writing the play "Romeo and Juliet." You might also hear about "10 Things I Hate About You", a film inspired by the classic Shakespeare play "The Taming of the Shrew" set in a modern day high school. In Taiwan, Taiwan Bangzi Opera Company presents an adaptation of Shakespeare's creation, called "Measure, Measure!" in 2012, arousing another craze for Shakespeare's plays. Integrating the spirits of oriental and western drama, <u>it</u> is faithful to the essential philosophical debate of the original works, while cleverly <u>applying</u> the techniques of traditional Chinese opera.

Certainly, Shakespeare is a brand name. There's a power to his work that has allowed later generation of directors, critics and actors to "reinvent" him continually in their own image and to find new ways of emphasizing his importance and greatness.

- 49. What's the best title for this passage?
 - (A) Intercultural Shakespeare and his adaptations
 - (B) Hollywood adaptations
 - (C) Universality in Shakespeare's works
 - (D) Shakespeare and his plays

50. The word "apply" in the first and third paragraph means

- (A) to use
- (B) to request
- (C) to affect
- (D) to work
- 51. What does the pronoun "it" in the third paragraph refer to?
 - (A) Shakespeare's work
 - (B) Taiwan Bangzi Opera Company's "Measure, Measure!"
 - (C) The craze for Shakespeare's plays
 - (D) A traditional Chinese opera

52. What can we infer from the passage?

- (A) Shakespeare's plays portray universal themes and people present his plays in different ways.
- (B) Products related to Shakespeare are always hits.
- (C) Theatrical troupes in Taiwan play Shakespeare for the sake of rising trend.
- (D) Shakespeare's recognized greatness is self-evident for teachers regularly give pop quizzes in class.

<u>53-56 題爲題組</u>

For many people, artists' main job is to explore emotions. The earliest forms of art, like painting and music, are those best suited for expressing joy. But sometime in the 19th century, more and more artists began referring to happiness as meaningless, phony or boring as we found from Wordsworth's "Daffodils" to Baudelaire's "Flowers of Evil."

You could argue that art became more skeptical of happiness because modern people have experienced so much misery. But that didn't mean earlier people never suffered perpetual war, disaster and the massacre of innocents. The reason may be just the opposite: there is too much unreal happiness in the world today. Advertising is obviously one modern form of expression almost completely aiming at depicting happiness. In fact, the rise of anti-happy art comes almost exactly with the emergence of mass media and with the commercials in which happiness is abundantly portrayed.

People in earlier eras were surrounded by reminders of misery. They worked until exhausted, lived with few protections and died young. In the West, before mass communication and literacy, the most powerful mass medium was the church, which reminded worshippers that their souls were in danger and that they would someday be meat for worms. Given all this, they didn't need their art to be so unpleasant, too.

Today the messages the average Westerner often faces are not religious but commercial, and forever happy. But happiness in the commercials is not just an ideal but an ideology. Fast-food eaters, commercial models, beaming celebrities and sweet couples are always smiling on the advertising to show their sense of happiness. However, these messages have an <u>agenda</u> in common – to lure to open our wallets; they make the very idea of happiness seem unreliable and insincere.

We often forget happiness is more than pleasure without pain. The things that bring the greatest joy carry the greatest potential for loss and disappointment. Today, surrounded by promises of easy happiness, we need art to tell us as religion once did. It's a message even bitter than a dose of medicine, yet, somehow, a breath of fresh air.

53. By citing the examples of poets Wordsworth and Baudelaire, the author intends to show that

- (A) poetry is superior to painting and music in expressing happiness
- (B) he admires the Wordsworth and Baudelaire the most
- (C) arts have altered their focus of concerns
- (D) poets today are less skeptical of happiness

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- 54. The word "agenda" in the fourth paragraph most probably means a(n) .
 - (A) competition (B) product (D) purpose
 - (C) earning
- 55. We can learn from the last paragraph that the author believes _____.
 - (A) the definition of happiness often changes with time
 - (B) the anti-happy art is sorrowful but more inspiring
 - (C) real happiness is only an illusion because it doesn't exist in this world
 - (D) the anti-happy art flourishes when economical depression appears
- 56. Which of the following statements is true?
 - (A) The author shows his worries about the superficial happiness in commercials.
 - (B) Most people feel critical about the religious reality of modern society.
 - (C) Mass media are inclined to educate customers how to make most profits.
 - (D) Art provides a perfect balance between human's expectation and reality.

第貳部分:非選擇題(占28分)

-、中譯英(占 8 分)

說明:1. 請將以下中文句子譯成正確、通順、達意的英文,並將答案寫在「答案卷」上。 2. 請依序作答,並標明題號,每題4分,共8分。

1. 大部分的人都知道健康在我們的日常生活中扮演很重要的角色。

2. 然而,直到我們失去它,才會瞭解它真正的價值。

二、英文作文(占 20 分)

- 說明:1. 依提示在「答案卷」上寫一篇英文作文。
 - 2. 文長至少 120 個單詞(words)。
- 提示:請仔細觀察以下三幅連環圖片的內容,並想像第四幅圖片可能的發展,寫出一個涵蓋連環圖片 內容並有完整結局的故事。

